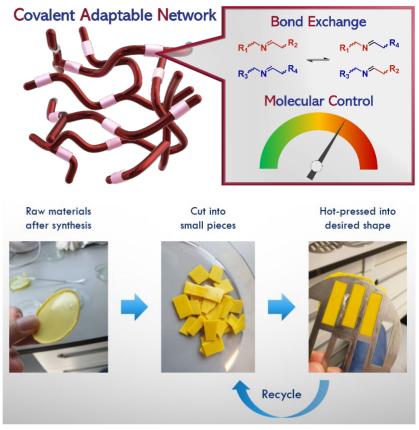
| Group       | : | Dynamic Polymers                                          |
|-------------|---|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| Project     | : | Smart Materials – Dynamic Imine Polymers                  |
| Supervisors | : | Sybren Schoustra, Joshua Dijksman (PCC), Maarten Smulders |

## Introduction

In this project you will be focussing on the development and characterisation of *smart* materials. We consider a material *smart* when it has several dynamic features such as stimuli responsiveness or self-healing ability.<sup>1, 2</sup>

For the synthesis of these materials we construct *polymer networks* that consist of *dynamic* building blocks. The beauty of the dynamic parts in the network structure is that it creates a molecular flow into the otherwise static material. By precise design, this dynamicity can be controlled to develop materials with selective properties.<sup>3</sup>

As the dynamic component we mainly focus on reversible imine chemistry. Imines, which are basically double bonded C=N moieties, have the ability to interact with each other and



exchange their end groups. This bond exchange can be influenced based on the molecular structure of the selected monomers.<sup>4</sup> We envisioned that especially aromatically linked imines are excellent candidates to tune the bond exchange, and therefore the macroscopic properties of the material. Earlier work has already established these imine-based materials to be recyclable and self-healing.<sup>3</sup>

The overall project consists of a narrow collaboration between the groups of Organic Chemistry and Physical Chemistry and Soft Matter. The organic part of the project will focus mainly on the *synthesis* and characterisation of different types of monomers, whereas the physical part of the project will focus more on the characterisation of the polymeric materials. *Rheology* will be used a powerful tool to study these materials and offers a broad spectrum of possibilities to investigate everything a certain material can and cannot do. Based on the interest of the student, they can choose to have a broader focus on either the organic or the physical part as well.

## Techniques to be used

- Organic synthesis, purification and material processing
- Characterisations: NMR, IR, MS, UV-VIS
- Material testing: Rheology, DMA, TGA and more to be determined.

## **More information**

Sybren Schoustra (ORC), room Helix 8.056, tel. 0317-482374, mail: <u>sybren.schoustra@wur.nl</u>. Maarten Smulders (ORC), room Helix 8.057, tel. 0317-480435, mail: <u>maarten.smulders@wur.nl</u>. Joshua Dijksman (PCC), room Helix 7.072, tel. 0317-482094, mail: <u>joshua.dijksman@wur.nl</u>.

## References

- 1. F. García and M. M. J. Smulders, J. Polym. Sci., Part A: Polym. Chem., 2016, 54, 3551-3577.
- 2. F. García, J. Pelss, H. Zuilhof and M. M. J. Smulders, *Chem. Commun.*, 2016, **52**, 9059-9062.
- 3. S. K. Schoustra, J. A. Dijksman, H. Zuilhof and M. M. J. Smulders, *Chem. Sci.*, 2021, **12**, 293-302.
- 4. S. K. Schoustra, T. Groeneveld and M. M. J. Smulders, *Polym. Chem.*, 2021, Advance Article.