

# Private sector development – why, what & how

Contribution to break out session: **Targeting winners or losers? Policy choices around socio-economic development** 

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- Main objectives policy for trade & development cooperation
- Policy for sustainable and inclusive economic development
- Some challenges ahead
- Questions / discussion



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# Objectives 'A World to Gain'

- Eradicate extreme poverty in one generation
- Sustainable and inclusive economic growth worldwide
- Succes Dutch companies abroad

#### Role of private sector in development firmly acknowledged

- Bottom line: decent business in accordance with the OECD guidelines



# Private Sector Development

#### Rationale:

- Private Sector Development contributes to **Sustainable** and **inclusive** economic growth. Key element of Dutch agenda to combine aid, trade and investment
- Private Sector generates 90% of jobs in low- and middle income countries (IFC jobs study) and 84% of GDP (UN). Decent jobs, adherence to CSR principles
- A conducive business climate, equal chances to develop economic activity, effective tool in poverty eradication (World Development Report 2013)
- Development of the private sector mutually beneficial for developing countries and Dutch business.



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## 5 pillars of PSD

- 1) Enhancement of market access
- f.e. TMEA trade corridors Burundi and Rwanda, CBI
- 2) Decent economic rules and regulations

Land rights, economic governance

- 3) Reliable economic institutions and actors
- Legitimacy issues of institutions, PSI, PUM
- 4) Strengthening of physical infrastructure

Prerequisite for development, ORIO, DRIVE enhanced focus on LICs

5) Strengthening of financial infrastructure

FDOV, credit and saving facility for small holders, SMEs, MASSIF



### Private Sector Engagement

- Dutch Good Growth Fund
- 1) Dutch SMEs (Netherlands Enterprise Agency), 20% goal to least develop
- 2) local SMEs (fund manager, tba), 15% target
- 3) export finance (Atradius)

Technical Assistance, PSI+ experience

Public Private Partnerships

FDOV, sustainable entrepreneurship and food security

- Trade Missions
- f.e. DRC, Somalia, Palestinian Territories, Rwanda
- Dialogue with the private sector
- social visibility, CSR, OECD guidelines, EITI, conflict free tin



### Underlying insight: inclusive - what's in a name?







# Private sector development - priorities

Effective national policies

- Regulatory framework
- Taxation
- Faciltated regional international trade

Conducive business climate

- Access to financial services
- Sound infrastructure & logistics
- Institutional capacity

Support innovative business (engagement)

- Local Small/Medium Entrepreneurs
- Innovative financing
- Social and Corporate Responsibility



#### Example: linking farmers to demanding consumers

From solar-powered dairy cooling for smallholders...





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# Some challenges ahead

- How to ensure development and implemenation of sound private sector policies in developing countries? Roles and responsibilities of local government, local business, civil society, Dutch stakeholders?
- Not only focus on winners; engage informal sector, smallholders and micro enterprises
- Make use of lessons learned in developing regional markets (such as in EU, East-Africa) in other regions, including West-Africa. How to better link regional development to global trade, and to national economic development?



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