The outcomes of deforestation-free commodity value chain approaches

FNP Seminar

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Aim

To trace the impact and success of approaches advocated to reach the objective of zero deforestation value chains (ZD-VC)

Focus on 6 high-risk commodities associated with deforestation

Research questions:

What's the role of large-scale and smallholder commodities in driving deforestation?

The discourses around these approaches?

Which current approaches/initiatives and geographic focus?

What theories of change (ToC) are embodied in these approaches?

Outcomes and impacts successfully tackle deforestation?

What future research is needed?







Methods & approach

Value chain & geographic nexus conceptual approach



- **Discourse analysis** => approaches
- Evidence analysis => database of 46 ZD initiatives
- Map **ToC** per commodity and summarise qualitatively
- Elaborate 10 **criteria** to assess effectiveness of ZD VC approaches





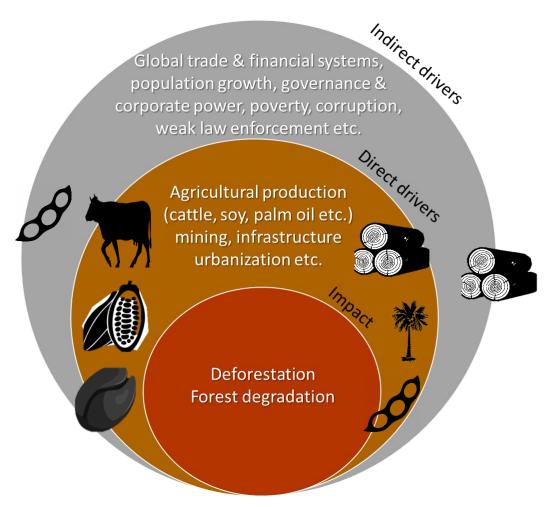
Criteria to evaluate the success of ZD commitments

- 1. Baselines and (de)forestation definitions provided
- 2. Deforestation & degradation of high conservation value (HCV, HCS, native & old-growth) forests is prevented from a baseline.
- **3. Effective governance** of production system, ecosystem services and value chain
- 4. Collective action
- Market benefits
- **6.** Smallholder participation, support and fairness
- 7. No leakage
- 8. Free, Prior and Informed Consent (FPIC)
- 9. Transparency, monitoring and accountability
- 10. Effectiveness, efficiency and equity





Results: Q1 Commodities drive deforestation directly, indirectly and positively.....







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Commodity/	Cattle ^L	Coffee ^S	Cocoa s	Soy L	Palm oil ^{LS}	Timber LS
Role				8		
Direct driver deforestation		++	+	++	++	++
Indirect driver deforestation	++	++	+		++	++
Historical deforestation*	++	+	++	++	++	++
Current deforestation#		+	+		+	+
Spillage	+		?	++	?	
Plantations@		+	+		+	++
Agroforestry/mix ed cropping [®]		+	+		+	+





Results: Q2 Five main political discourses steer the preferences for ZD-VC approaches

Neoliberal market
Legality and responsibility
Limits to growth
Local livelihoods
New colonialism

Common themes: Specific problem definitions, causal mechanisms favouring specific solutions, focus on deforestation and single commodity VCs, historical deforestation and baseline cut-off dates





Results: Q2 Five main discourses: what they don't say or ignore...

- Degradation and fragmentation
- Reforestation, restoration, afforestation and compensation
- Spillage between commodities in and landscapes and across the globe
- the new deforestation frontiers (non-traditional commodity producing countries)
- "New" consumers i.e. consumers & states outside Northern Europe







Results: Q3 Six current approaches and geographic focus on different scales

- Regulatory state regulations, government policies of landscapes and chains
- Landscape & jurisdictional spatial/scale, administrative boundaries
- Voluntary sustainability standards VSS third party certification, corporate labels
- Corporate pledges corporate social responsibility, self-regulation, declarations
- Public-private partnerships PPPs- Corporate/CSO/NGO/government platforms, networks, associations, partnerships, agreements, moratoria
- Due diligence mechanisms individual and joint legal or voluntary actions, investigations or exercise of care to avoid committing offences. Included traceability mechanisms, third-party campaigns & investigations, voluntary disclosure initiatives and moratoriums.





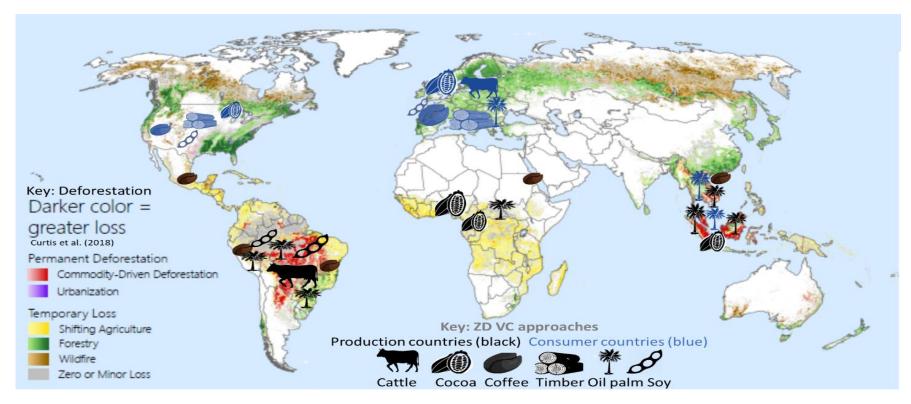
Results: Q3 Timeline partly affects evidence available about what works, where and how

Approach **VSS** Regulatory Corporate pledges **PPPs** Landscape/Jurisdictional Due diligence Timeline 1990 2000 2010 2020





Results: Q3 Current approaches and geographic focus on different scales

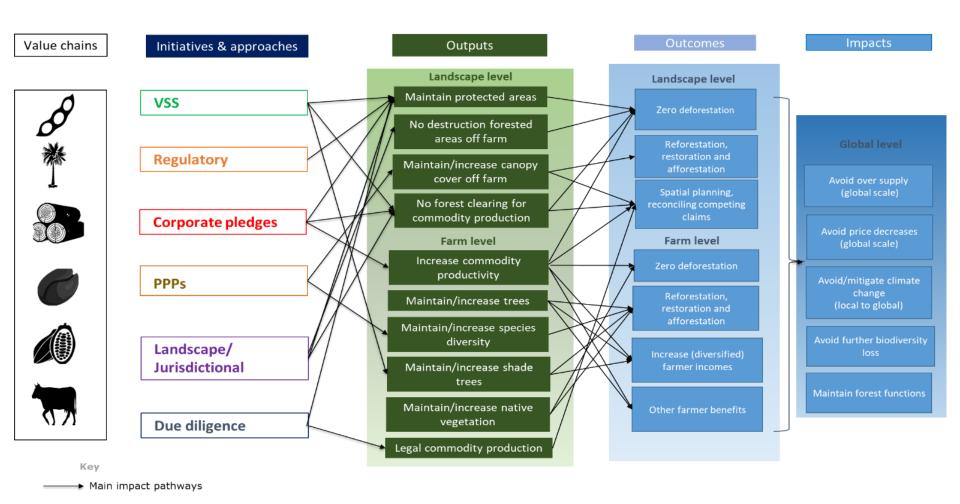


- Geographic focus: already-known, historically deforested hotspots.
- Value chain approach mainly by consumer countries with higher & increasing forest cover.
- Hotspots: New tropical frontiers, temperate forests





Results: Q4 ToC in approaches & initiatives



Bias in Theories of Change in ZD-VC approaches towards farm-level avoided deforestation

WAGENINGEN

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Results: Q5 Outcomes & impacts of approaches need to be demonstrated

- Outcomes and effectiveness (except VSS and regulatory approaches)
 not systematically reported.
- Evidence not aggregated for production regions,
- tenuous causal links on avoided deforestation and prevented leakage
- Evidence mainly small-scale VSS farm level outcomes.
- Little evidence on how ZD commitments halt or slow deforestation rates
- ZD initiatives do not address leakage
- Little use of restoration, afforestation, reforestation.
- Approaches converging





Results: Q5 Which approaches are most successful?

Six approaches - but no one approach has successfully halted commodityrelated deforestation

Table 1 ZD initiatives that meet success criteria per commodity value chain

Criteria	Cattle	Cocoa	Coffee	Palm oil	Soy	Timber
Baseline year defined	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS
(De)forestation definition		VSS	VSS	VSS R	VSS	VSS
No deforestation or degradation of HCV forests	VSS S CP	VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS CP	VSS R
Effective governance	L/J DD PPP	L/J PPP	PPP	L/J PPP	L/J DD PPP	L/J PPP
Collective action	L/J PPP	VSS PPP	VSS PPP	VSS PPP	L/J PPP	VSS PPP
Market benefits	L/J VSS	VSS PPP	VSS PPP	VSS	L/J	VSS
Smallholder support	L/J	VSS PPP	VSS PPP	VSS	L/J	VSS
Smallholder fairness		СР	СР	СР		СР
No leakage	L/J DD				L/J	
Free, prior & informed consent process	CP DD				DD CP	VSS
Transparency, monitoring & accountability mechanisms	CP DD VSS	VSS	VSS	VSS	DD CP VSS	VSS
Effectiveness, efficiency & equity	L/J DD					

Key: VSS = Voluntary sustainably standards CP = company pledges R= Regulation PPP = public private partnerships DD= due diligence mechanisms L/J=Landscape/jurisdictional





Results: Q5 Effectiveness of the six approaches

Overview of the evidence and effectiveness of different approaches to commodity driven zero deforestation

Commodity		Zero Deforestation Value Chain Approach							
	VSS	Landscape/ Jurisdictional	PPP	Corporate pledges	DD	Regulatory			
Cattle									
Cocoa									
Coffee									
Palm oil									
Soy									
Timber									
Summary									
Key:									
Very effect	Very effective Partially effective		No effect	Not effective	No	No or little evidence			





Results: Q6 Action research needs

Common language and structure to characterize interventions

=> Planning and analysis of interventions and outcomes

Collective experiences of interventions across commodities and forest-agriculture landscapes => Systematic understanding of VC intervention impacts

Stronger evidence to develop robust ToC on scales, commodities & interactions

=> Satisfying multiple views embedded in political discourses around ZD VCs

Forest areas at high risk of deforestation

=> Support financial institutions investment choices

Value of reforestation, restoration & afforestation by ZD commitments, how it minimises risks and impacts affect markets => Support financial institutions investment choices





Recommendations for 'successful' ZD VC approaches



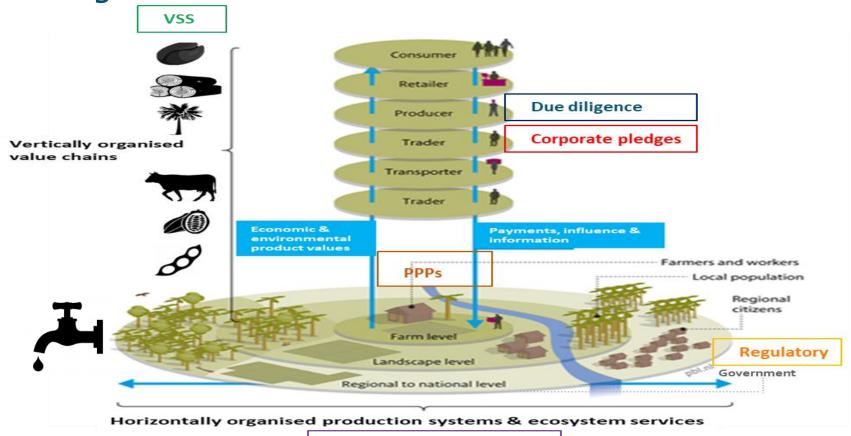
Combine the best of different approaches?

- Geographic focus on deforestation taking account of leakage to address indirect drivers practically
- 2. Focus on **deforestation hotspots** new frontiers
- 3. Include agroforestry, **reforestation and afforestation and restoration** in approaches as mitigation and compensation measures
- **4. Evidence base** (academia, NGOs + business) needed for
 - Which **approaches work** e.g. combined "the best of" regulatory & certification, align & integrate corporate pledges with legality approaches
 - definitions 'forest', 'deforestation' & cut off dates comparable across regions and between commodities;
 - clarifying ZD standards and incentives to gain preferential market access & finance;
 - financers driving role;
 - Critical review CSR reporting & public commitments;
 - Traceability and monitoring to evidence causality claims





Conclusions: Recommend well-designed, interlinked approaches in a multi-level and multi-actor setting

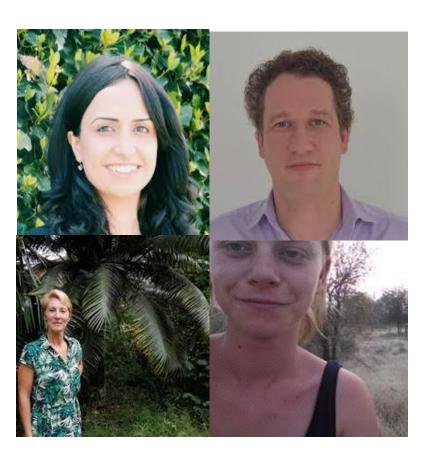








Questions & feedback?





Verina Ingram, Jelle Behagel, Aynur Mammadova, Xanthe Verschuur (2020). The outcomes of deforestation-free commodity value chain approaches. Forest and Nature Conservation Policy Group, Wageningen University and Research. Wageningen. The Netherlands







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Conclusions: zp-vc initiatives largely business as

usual: risk-based, combined approaches needed

- 1. Commodities drive deforestation generally, but specific drivers not well studied, and differ per region. Understanding intricacies is needed to design ZD approaches with local positive outcomes and prevent deforestation leakage outside intervention area.
- 2. VSS (cocoa & timber) partially effective, regulatory approaches effective (cattle & palm oil). Less evidence for landscape approaches, PPPs and corporate pledges, partly due to lack of reporting. Combined the "best of" approaches needed?
- 3. DD mechanisms focus on regulatory, VSS, PPPs & corporate pledges. If add traceability and monitoring, theoretically can increase success, but evidence is missing.
- 4. Almost no ZD approaches address leakage and spill over.
- Most ZD approaches focus on regions with historical deforestation, less attention current deforestation hotspots and high-risk commodities.
- Stronger evidence to develop robust ToCs to show ZD-VC approaches work responding to different value frames and discourses





Recommendations

- Research and conceptual work needed to establish shared assessment strategies for ZD-VCs across commodity markets, scales and approaches.
- Develop baseline-cut off date standards (how far back to measure deforestation?), deforestation measures (forest cover?), and accounting methods for forest gain/loss (including or excluding reforestation/afforestation/restoration efforts?) to lead to evidence that resists systematization and evidences claims of effective ZD approaches.
- ZD approaches should be scrutinized for the societal and political values inherent in them and the theories of change they ascribe to.



